

Perovskite Top Solar Cell Development for Monolithic Silicon-Based Tandem and Triple-Junction Solar Cell Application

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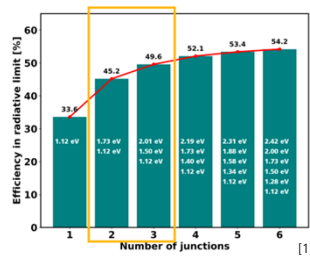
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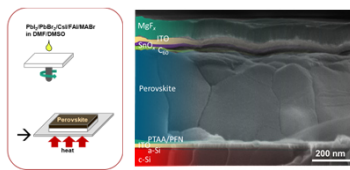
Introduction

- Goal: Reduce leveled costs of electricity by increasing efficiency with multijunction solar cells
- Perovskite as partner for silicon enabling high efficiency, tunable bandgap, cheap fabrication
- Presented: Recent research on perovskite top solar cells for Si-based tandem and triple-junction devices

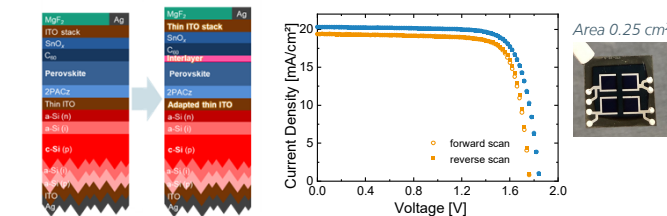


Monolithic Perovskite Silicon Tandem Solar Cells

Current Density >20 mA/cm² for Tandem Devices with Planar Front

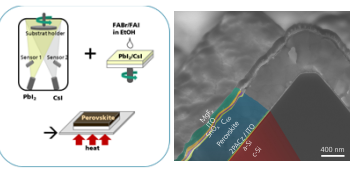


- One-step spincoating route with antisolvent method
- Cs_{0.05}(FA_{0.83}MA_{0.17})_{0.95}Pb(I_{0.83}Br_{0.17})₃ with lead excess → 1.64 eV^[2]
- Flexible processing allows for fast material screenings

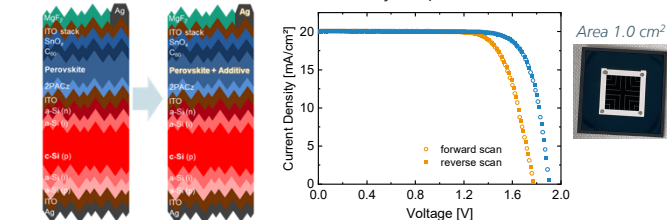


ITO process and thickness optimization^[3] as well as addition of a LiF interlayer between Perovskite/Si yields +0.9 mA/cm² and +82 mV.^[4] Currently more stable interlayers such as AlO_x deposited by ALD are under investigation.

Hybrid Route for Industrially Relevant Textured Tandems



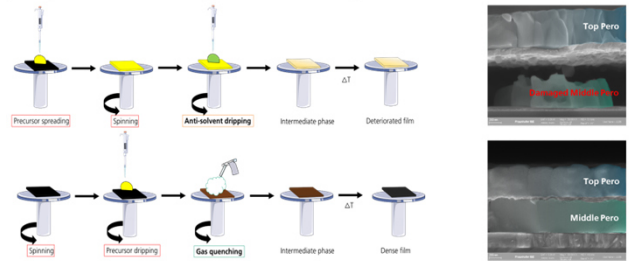
- Two-step hybrid co-evaporation/spincoating route
- FA_{0.85}Cs_{0.15}Pb(I_{0.78}Br_{0.22})₃ → 1.66 eV
- Conformal perovskite films on μm-sized textured Si for high energy yield potential^[5]



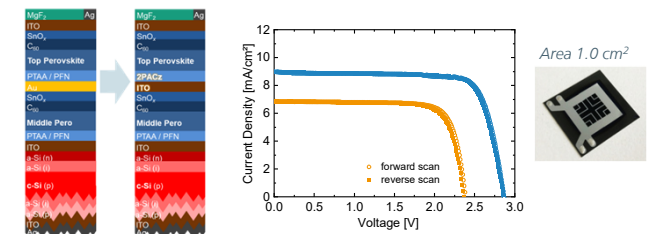
Organic additive in 2nd step solution and optimization of the 2PACz deposition and SnO_x layers yields +1.3%_{abs} PCE.^[6] Currently hybrid route upscaling is under investigation.^[7]

Monolithic Perovskite Silicon 3J Solar Cells

High Open-Circuit Voltage >2.8 V for Triple-Junction Devices



- One-step spincoating route with antisolvent method for middle and adapted spincoating with gas quenching for top perovskite absorber^[8]
- Cs_{0.05}(FA_{0.90}MA_{0.10})_{0.95}Pb(I_{0.95}Br_{0.05})₃ with lead excess → 1.56 eV and Cs_{0.05}(FA_{0.55}MA_{0.45})_{0.95}Pb(I_{0.55}Br_{0.45})₃ with lead excess → 1.83 eV
- Triple-junction baseline for material screening established



Using 15 nm ITO recombination layer and 2PACz hole contact yields +2.0 mA/cm² and +50 mV.^[8] Moreover ITO serves as improved solvent barrier. Currently optimization of current-limiting middle cell perovskite is under investigation. Future work targets textured triple-junction solar cells.

Recent Lab-Sized Tandem and Triple-Junction Solar Cell Results at Fraunhofer ISE (Forward and Reverse Scan)

*different grid shading for devices

Device Type	Area [cm ²]	V _{OC} [mV]	j _{sc} * [mA/cm ²]	FF [%]	PCE [%]	Stab. PCE [%]
Perovskite silicon tandem junction solar cell (planar)	0.25 _{d.a.}	1847	20.3	76.9	28.8	28.8
		1846	20.3	76.9	28.8	
Perovskite silicon tandem solar cell (textured)	1.0 _{d.a.}	1903	20.1	78.7	30.0	30.0
		1903	20.1	78.5	30.0	
Perovskite perovskite silicon triple-junction solar cell (planar)	1.0 _{d.a.}	2862	8.9	77.9	20.0	20.0
		2868	8.9	78.1	20.1	

Perovskite solar cell processing can be successfully adapted for the use on planar and industrially μm-sized textured silicon bottom solar cells for tandem and multi-junction application. Besides optimum choice of perovskites, opto-electrical optimization of selective contacts and electrodes is key to unlock the efficiency potential.

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